

# The Development of Steel Plate Products in Taiwan- In the Case of Offshore Steel

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- Steel Structure in Taiwan
- Manufacturing Technology of High Strength, High Toughness Offshore Wind Power Structural Steel Plates
- Conclusion

C.S.C. Headquarters

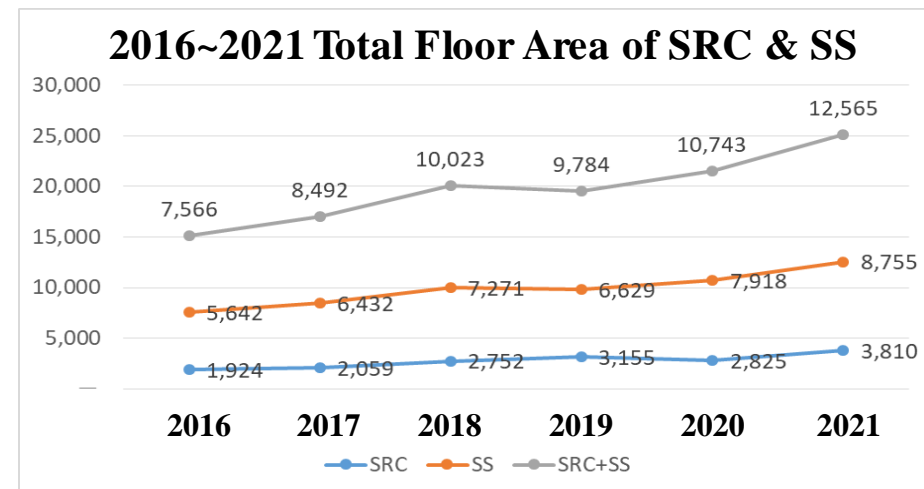


C.S.C. Headquarters



# Steel Structure in Taiwan

- Crude steel total production of Taiwan  
~ 23 million tons / year
- Taiwan annual steel consumption of construction
  - steel plate and rolling H section:  
~ 2 million tons / year
  - Rebar:  
~ 6 million tons / year



- The total floor area of SRC and SS building licenses are growing in recent years.
- It is getting 20% higher from 2020 to 2021.

# Steel Structure in Taiwan

## Steel Structure → Green Material

✓ 1. Construction Steel

✓ 2. Bridge Steel

✓ 3. Offshore Steel



## ✓ 1. Construction Steel

- Crowded and limited space (to go vertically)

## ✓ The higher strength level of steel grade

- It makes the steel material thinner and the total weight of structure lighter.
- It decrease the damage level of earthquake.

- Height: 508m
- Steel Usage: 110,000MT
- **Material: SM570**





# Construction Steel: **SM570M**

- ✓ CSC designed SM570M steel grade with **lower Ceq. higher and stricter mechanical properties**, in order to fulfill the specification of seismic-resisting application ◦

Chemical Requirement	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Carbon equivalent content (Ceq) <math>\leq 0.46\%</math></li><li>• Crack susceptibility factor (Pcm) <math>\leq 0.29\%</math></li></ul>
Yield Strength (MPa)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 420~<b>540</b> (No Upper Limit for JIS/CNS SM570)</li></ul>
Tensile Strength (MPa)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 570~720</li></ul>
Y/T Ratio(%)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <math>\leq 85</math> (No requirement for JIS/CNS SM570)</li></ul>
Elongation (%)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <math>\geq 20</math> min</li></ul>
Charpy V-notch Test (J)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <math>t/4 \geq 47J</math> (-5°C)</li><li>• <b><math>t/2 \geq 27J</math> (-5°C)</b> (No requirement for JIS/CNS SM570)</li></ul>
HAZ CVN(J) ( <b>SM570M CHW</b> )	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Heat Input <math>\leq 880kJ/cm</math></li><li>• <b><math>t/2 \geq 15J</math> (-5°C)</b></li></ul>

## ✓ 2. Bridge Steel

- Rapid climate change (to go horizontally)
- 68 bridges in southern Taiwan were damaged after the serious typhoon Morakot attacked in 2009, only 3 bridges which is made by steel-structure remained safe.

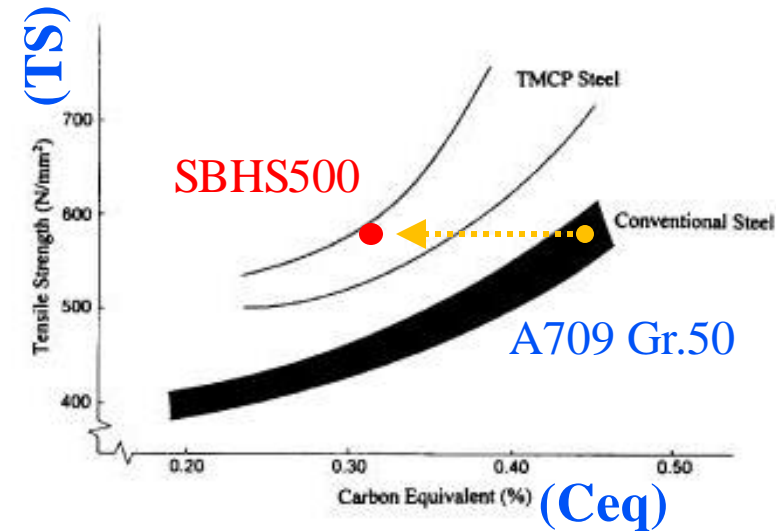
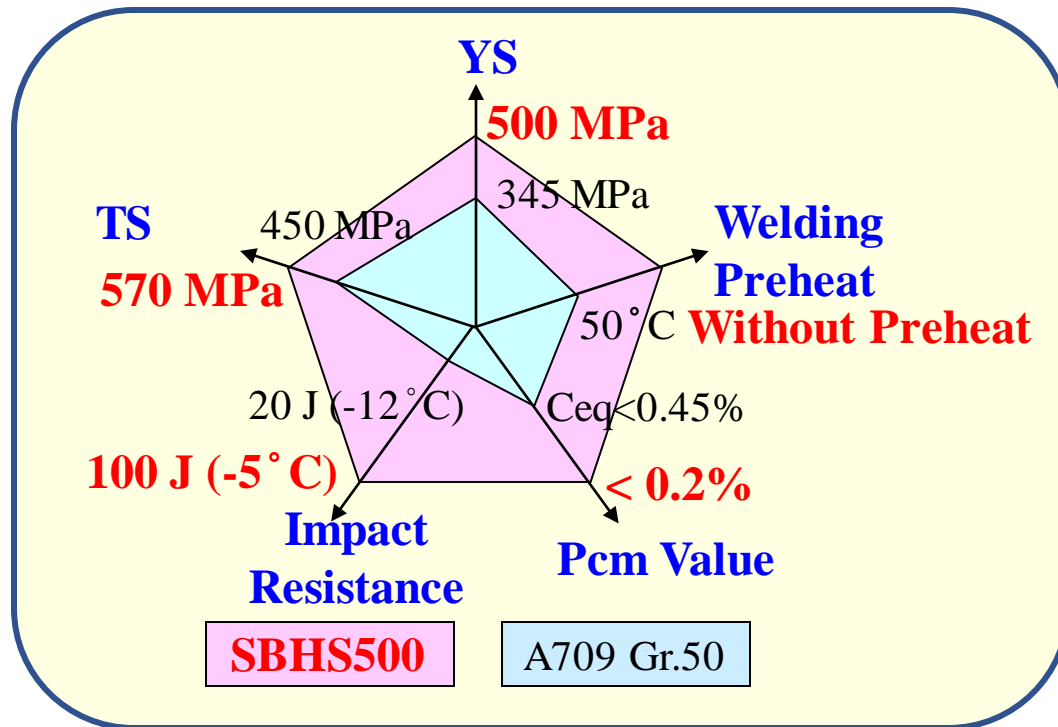


✓ The longer span of bridge is better

- It lower the number of the bridge pier .
- It decrease the risk of bridge pier being destroyed by debris flood.



# Bridge Steel: 60kg **SBHS500**



✓ Compare to the conventional bridge steel A709 Gr.50:

- Higher Strength:** YS (345→500 MPa) is increased by 45%.
- Better Impact Resistance:** CVN 21°C 27J→ -5°C 100J
- Excellent Weldability- No preheating:** Ceq<0.45%→Pcm<0.2%

## ✓ 3. Offshore Steel

- Rising of the sea level (to go offshore)

## ✓ Wind power generators

➤ Taiwan government has planned to establish 600 wind power generators in Taiwan strait, in order to follow the global trend of energy and ecology protection strategy.



**S.S. have been widely used in many industry.**

# **Manufacturing Technology of High Strength, High Toughness Offshore Wind Power Structural Steel Plates**

# Demands of Offshore Steel

## Enlarging Design

- Bigger
- Lighter
- Less Cost
- **<High Strength>**

## Harsh Environment

- Endurance of Wind, Wave, and Seismic Strikes
- Low Temperature
- Limited Maintenance Capability
- **<Excellent Impact Resistance>**

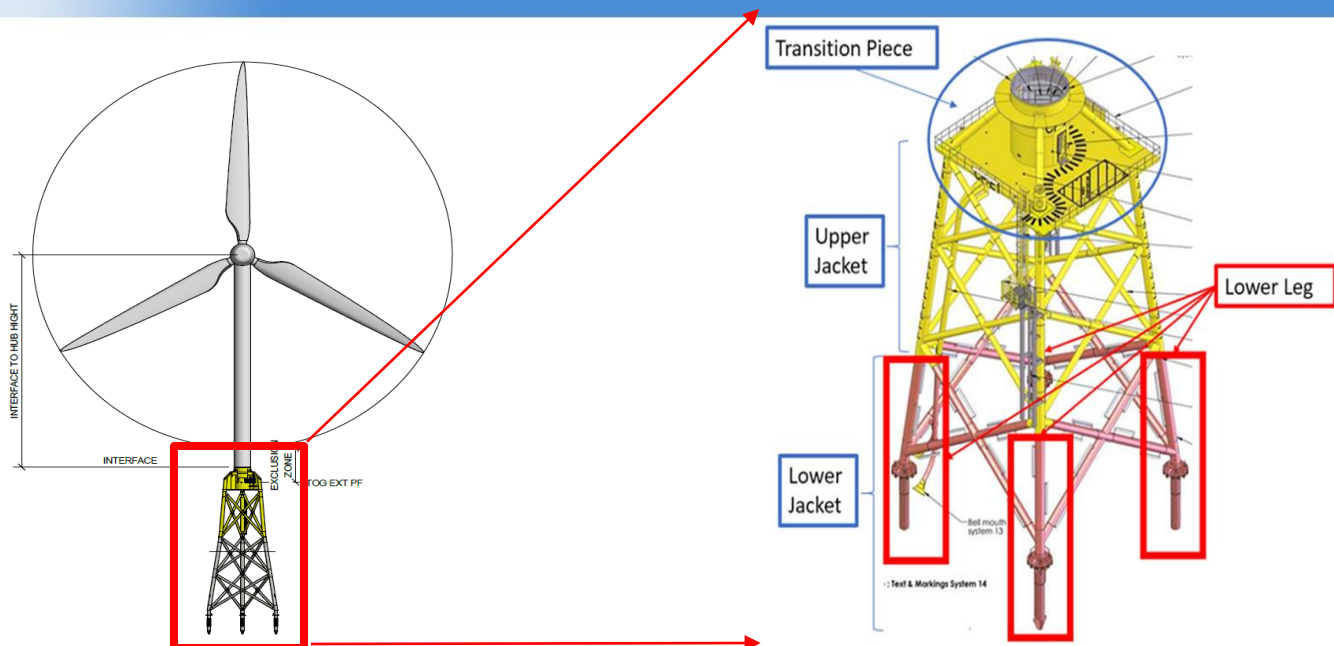
## Faster Installation

- Shorter Project Lead Times
- Less Repairment after Welding
- **<Better Weldability, Anti-Lamellar>**



2025 Target: 5.5GW  
( $\div$  668 wind turbines)

# Quality Requirements



Fan/ Tower/ **Foundation**

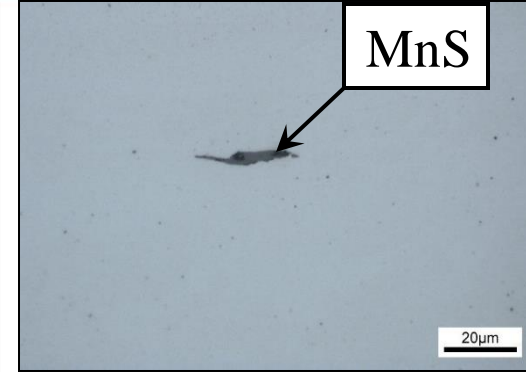
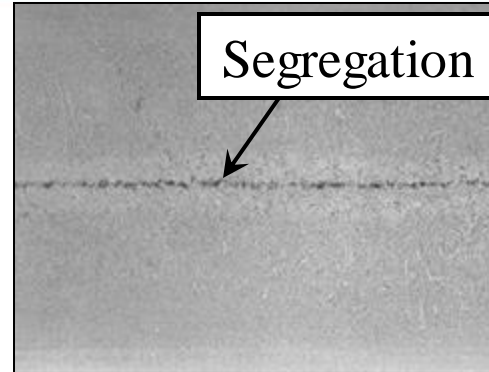
1200 ton/each  
(66% of whole Wind Turbine)

S355ML /S460ML Standard	Carbon Equivalency	YS (MPa)	TS (MPa)	El (%)	ZRA (%)	-40°C Impact Energy(J)
EN10025-4	$\leq 0.40$ $\leq 0.47$	335 430	440~600 510~690	22 17	Z35	Longitudinal $\geq 31$ Transverse $\geq 20$
CSC Specification	$\leq 0.35$ $\leq 0.41$	335 430	440~600 510~690	22 17	Z35	Longitudinal $\geq 50$ Transverse $\geq 50$

# Quality Requirements(cont.)

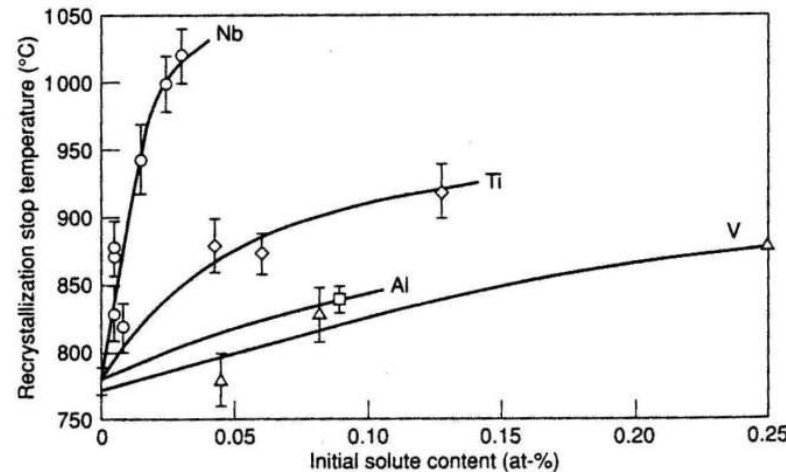
## ✓ Ultra-low [P], [S]

- Avoid deleterious inclusions
- Avoid center segregation



## ✓ Addition of Microalloys

- Recrystallization Stop Temperature: Nb > Ti > Al > V  
→ Grain Refinement → Strength & Toughness



$$T_{nr} = 887 + 464 C + (6445 Nb - 644 Nb^{1/2}) + 890 Ti + 363 Al + (732V - 230 V^{1/2}) - 357 Si$$

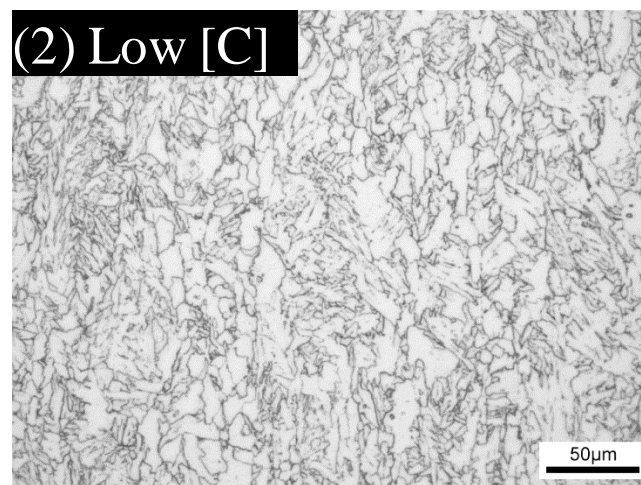
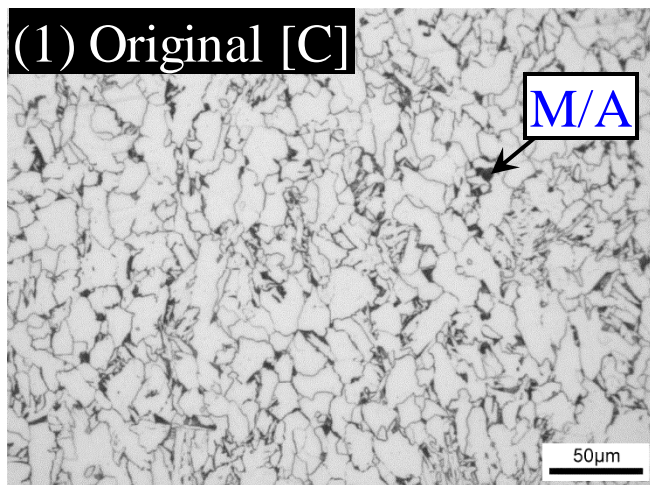


# Quality Requirements(cont.)

## ✓ Low Carbon Content

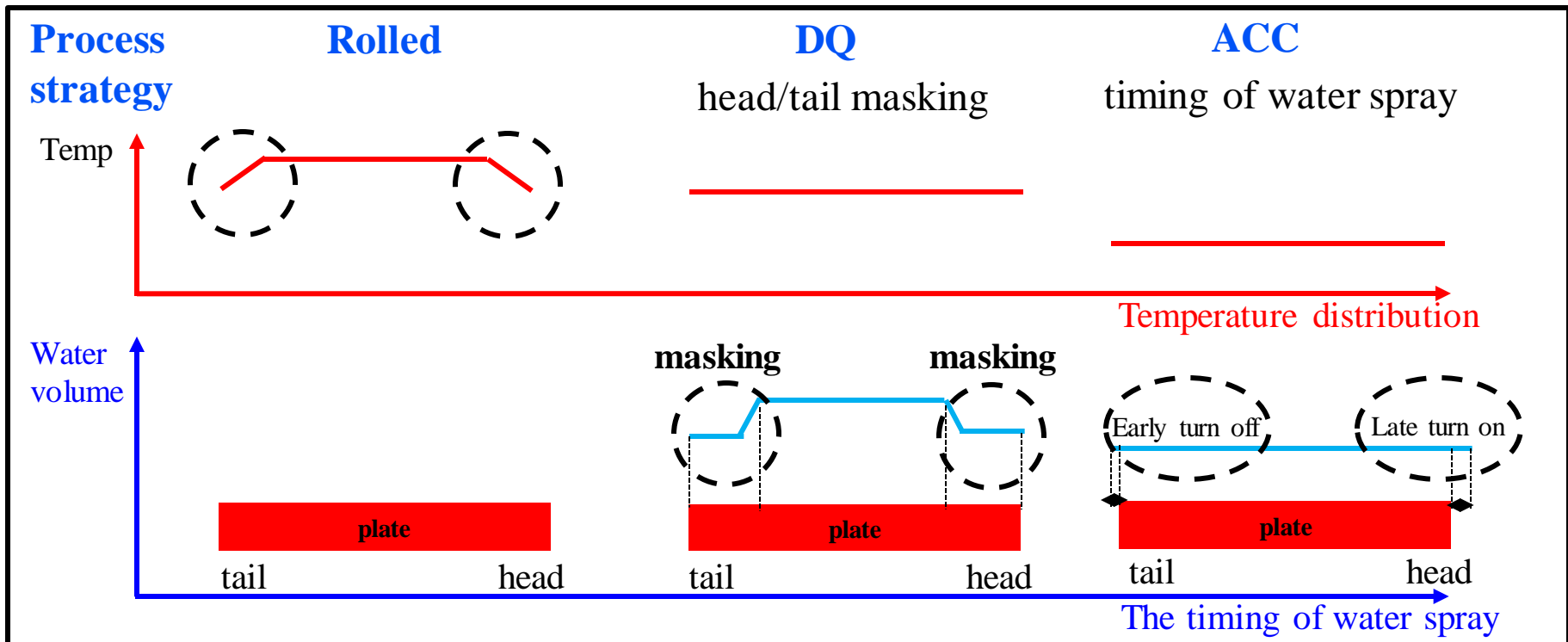
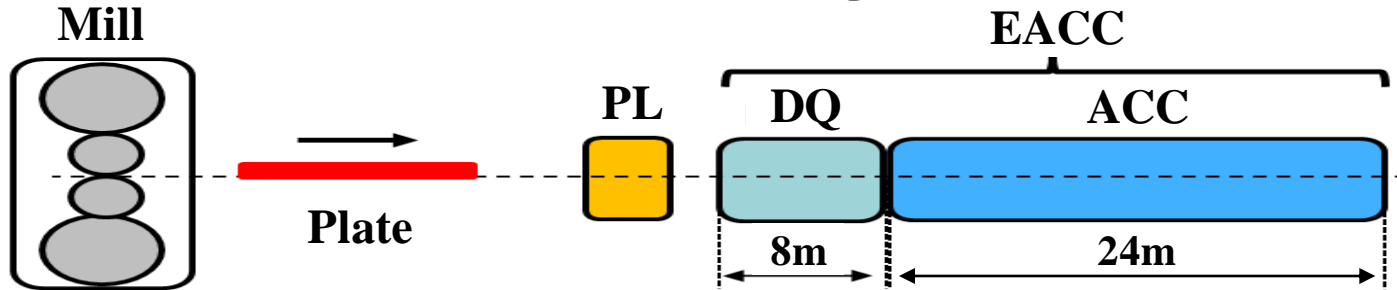
- Less M/A → Less brittle texture
- The impact toughness was increased approximately by 30J in average.

Content	Tensile Test			ZRA (%)	Temp -40°C Charpy Impact Energy (J)	
	TS (MPa)	YS (MPa)	EL (%)		Longitudinal	Transverse
Original	499	394	28	66	<b>264</b>	<b>252</b>
<b>Low Carbon</b>	495	387	31	71	<b>299</b>	<b>285</b>



# Cooling Technique

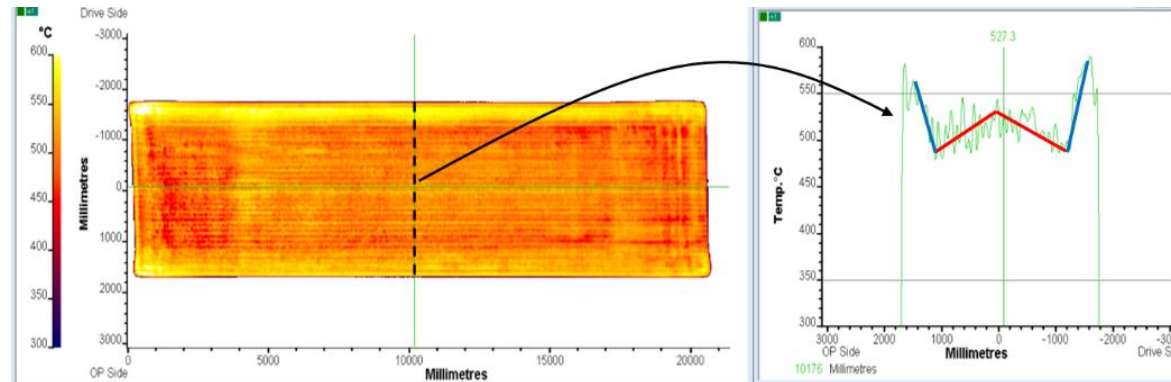
## ✓ Extended Accelerated Cooling (EACC)



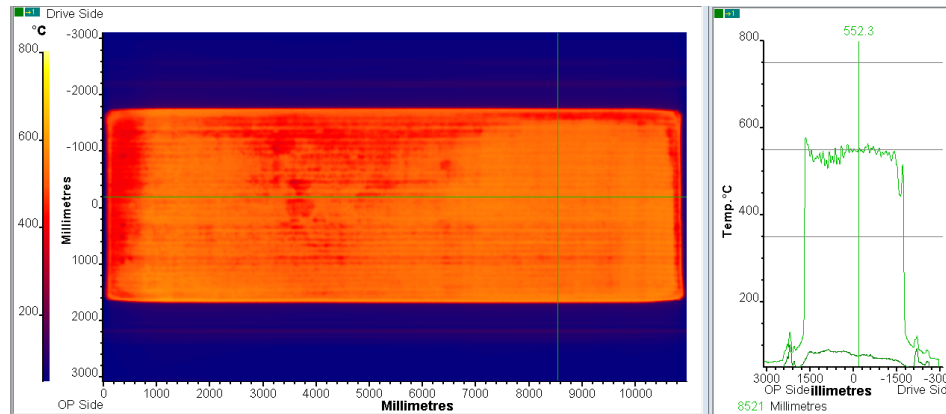
# Cooling Technique: EACC (cont.)

Temperature profile in following cooling process:

(a) ACC



(b) EACC



- Overcooling near head and edge portion were greatly resolved by EACC cooling system.

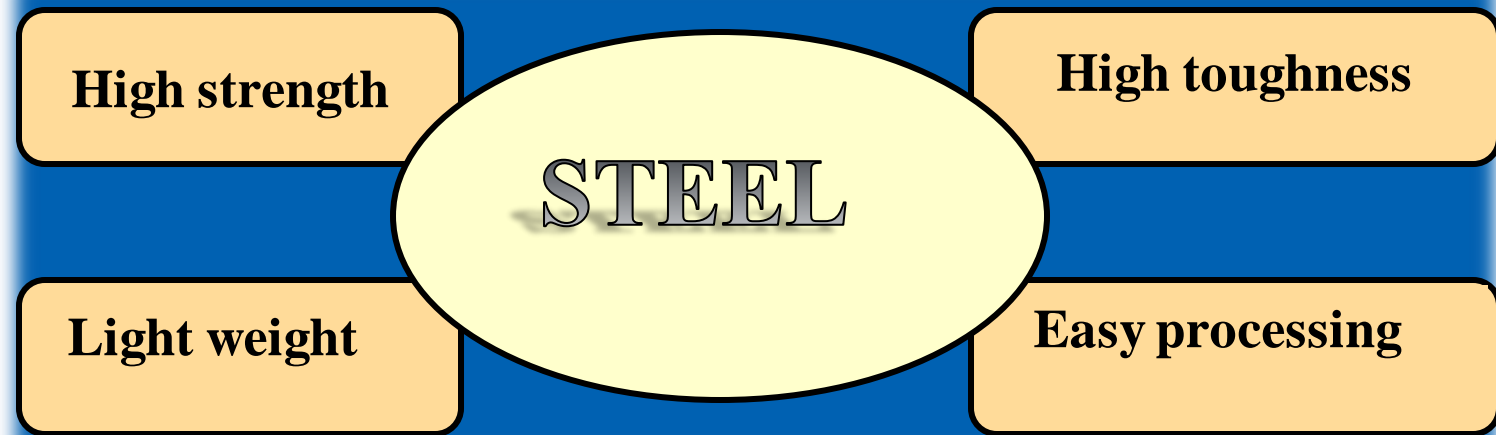


- ✓ After the implementations including control of [P], [S], addition of microalloys, reduction of carbon content, and production by EACC cooling system, **offshore steel** with **stable quality and better performance** has been developed.
- ✓ In 2021 July, Taiwan's first indigenous underwater foundation is built.

# Conclusion

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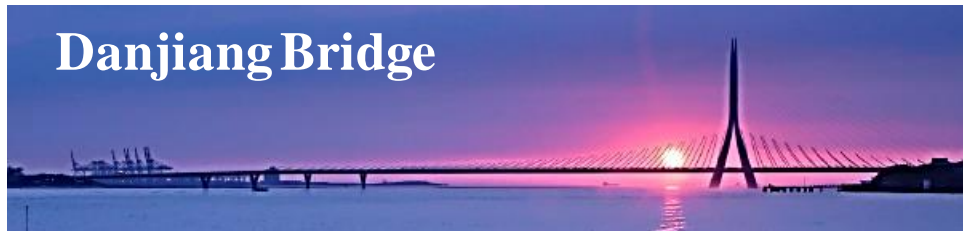
- **Advantages of steel structure are short construction period and high seismic resistance.**
- **We emphasize on the quality of material, welding and testing technique.**





## ✓ Danjiang Bridge

Will be the longest single-tower, asymmetric cable-stayed bridge in the world.



➤ **Span: 450m**

➤ **Steel usage: 30,000t**

✓ A709 HPS70W(3.7%)

✓ A709 Gr.50W

## ✓ Taipei Twin Towers :

Will be the 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> highest building in Taiwan.



➤ **Height: 360 and 280m**

➤ **Steel usage: 130,000t**

✓ SM570(80%)

✓ SN490

# Thank You for Your Attention!



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